



Unloading and checking

After the delivery has been performed, it should be visually checked for completeness and damage. Check humidity of the goods! Deficiencies should be noted on the signed delivery note and immediately reported in writing to the relevant point of sale in accordance with the general sales and delivery terms. If later a deficiency which could not be recognized when being delivered is discovered in the package later, the report must be made immediately upon the detection, otherwise the goods are deemed despite this deficiency to be approved. Crane unloading must be carried out using lifting slings. Slings should be hung on wooden pallets. Short packages up to 6 m can be lifted and lowered using a forklift, appropriately and with protected forks (e.g. with rubber pads). Exceptions are profiled metal sheets coated with a protective film that can only be lifted by means of slings. For long packages over 6 metres, care must be taken to avoid danger of sagging or bending! To prevent this, it is necessary to use additional lifting slings with crane-runway girders at the construction site. Care should be taken to balance when lifting packages. The edges of the parcels must be protected at the top, e.g. using wooden slats.

Storage

Packages need to be stacked in the longitudinal direction slightly obliquely to allow drainage of rainwater. If not used immediately, it is useful to cover them with a ventilated tarpaulin of natural material (not plastic foil). You can store two packages on each other at maximum. Care must be taken to keep the transport timbers on top of each other. When humidity acts without sufficient air supply, „white rust“ occurs on galvanized sections within a few days. For aluminium components, you must check whether the aluminium is cold to the touch! If this is not the case, store the aluminium parts in a cold closed area without air draught to allow the aluminium to be slowly warmed up. If this is not done, „black well corrosion“ occurs on aluminium. Even for the materials additionally treated with a plastic layer after a long period of improper storage it may come to formation of corrosion metal coating. We reject any liability for such damages. Elements of open packages need to be protected against storms, especially when the work is finished. The load is generally not enough. It is required to use fastening together using ropes and cords. When installing on the roof and the outer edges of the building, follow the regulations in force! Handling and reloading at the construction site can only be done using lifting slings to protect plastic coatings or layers of fleece.

Protective foil

The glued protective foils should be removed immediately after installation, but not later than four weeks after delivery. Protective foils should be protected from UV radiation. At extreme temperatures (above + 25 °C and below +1 °C) the protective film cannot longer be removed. This also applies to flat sheets! Ecological PE film can be disposed of without problems.

Installation

In general, when fitting profile sheet-metals and sandwich elements you should use work gloves in any case. Construction elements with metal surface and elements made of bare aluminium must be stored in the same longitudinal direction! Take note of the direction arrow (longitudinal direction) and transfer it to all the elements!

**Please, follow our installation recommendations
and, where applicable, sectoral directives.**



DIRECTION OF STORAGE

